

LEGISLATIVE UPDATE



Week of April 12 ,2021

State Issues

Alliance Priority Bills to Be Heard

This week, now-Senator Sydney Kamlager reintroduced, through a gut and amend with a Senate bill, the policy included in her previous **AB 705**, which stalled in Assembly Health Committee. The new bill, **SB 642**, was amended to include the language that would give physicians sweeping authority over hospital decision-making that is contrary to fundamental principles of hospital operations. Because the Legislature is so close to the deadline for bills to be heard in policy committee(s), the bill is being fast-tracked and has already been set for hearing in Senate Judiciary Committee next Tuesday, April 20. In normal years, a bill like this would have also been heard in Senate Business and Professions Committee as well as Senate Health Committee. Due to time constraints, if the bill gets out of Senate Judiciary, it is likely to only be heard by one other policy committee, and at the moment that appears to be the Senate Health Committee.

Also, this week, the debate on **AB 4** (Arambula) took place in Assembly Health Committee. The Alliance was pleased to testify in support of the bill, which would seek to expand access to Medi-Cal coverage for all California residents – including those that are undocumented – as long as all other criteria are met. The bill passed out of Assembly Health on a 11-3-1 vote, with all Democrats in support, the Republicans voting to oppose, and the Legislature’s one and only Independent member abstaining.

Next week, several of the Alliance’s priority bills will see Committee action, in addition to the previously mentioned SB 642 (Kamlager). **SB 379 (Weiner)**, which would preclude the University of California from contracting with any religiously affiliated health care provider, will be heard in Senate Health Committee next Wednesday. We have met with the author, Senator Weiner, and Committee Chair, Dr. Richard Pan, as well as the other Health Committee members and staff consultant. We have been focusing on the negative impact this bill would have on valuable partnerships between UC Health and religiously affiliated health care providers and the loss in access to health care should the bill be approved. We have also been setting the record straight on numerous inaccuracies that continue to be asserted about the quality and breadth of care provided in Catholic health care facilities. **SB 380 (Eggman)** also will be heard in Senate Judiciary Committee next Tuesday. This bill extends the sunset date for the End of Life Option Act and removes or amends several of the patient protections included in the current law. This bill also seems to severely limit or eliminate the protections of health facilities who chose not to participate in the Act. We oppose the measure and are working with our No on SB 380 coalition, and with the California Hospital Association.

Legislative Summary and Status Report

Attached is the most recent Alliance Legislative Summary and Status report on bills of interest to the Catholic health care ministry.

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Alliance of Catholic Health Care Legislative Summary and Status 4/16/2021

Access

[AB 4](#) **(Arambula D) Medi-Cal: eligibility.**

Location: 4/13/2021-A. APPR.

Summary: Would, effective January 1, 2022, extend eligibility for full scope Medi-Cal benefits to anyone regardless of age, and who is otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status, pursuant to an eligibility and enrollment plan. The bill would delete the specified provisions regarding individuals who are under 25 years of age or 65 years of age or older and delaying implementation until the director makes the determination described above. The bill would require the eligibility and enrollment plan to ensure that an individual maintains continuity of care with respect to their primary care provider, as prescribed, would provide that an individual is not limited in their ability to select a different health care provider or Medi-Cal managed care health plan, and would require the department to provide monthly updates to the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature on the status of the implementation of these provisions

Position

Support

[AB 32](#) **(Aguilar-Curry D) Telehealth.**

Location: 1/11/2021-A. HEALTH

Calendar: 4/27/2021 1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Assembly Chamber ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, Chair

Summary: Current law requires a health care service plan contract or health insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2021, to specify that coverage is provided for health care services appropriately delivered through telehealth on the same basis and to the same extent as in-person diagnosis, consultation, or treatment. Current law exempts Medi-Cal managed care plans that contract with the State Department of Health Care Services under the Medi-Cal program from these provisions, and generally exempts county organized health systems that provide services under the Medi-Cal program from Knox-Keene. This bill would delete the above-described references to contracts issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2021, would require these provisions to apply to the plan or insurer's contracted entity, as specified, and would delete the exemption for Medi-Cal managed care plans. The bill would subject county organized health systems, and their subcontractors, that provide services under the Medi-Cal program to the above-described Knox-Keene requirements relative to telehealth.

Position

Support

[AB 369](#) **(Kamlager D) Medi-Cal services: persons experiencing homelessness.**

Location: 2/12/2021-A. HEALTH

Calendar: 4/20/2021 1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Assembly Chamber ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, Chair

Summary: Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to implement a program of presumptive eligibility for persons experiencing homelessness, under which a person would receive full-scope Medi-Cal benefits without a share of cost. The bill would require the department to authorize an enrolled Medi-Cal provider to issue a temporary Medi-Cal benefits identification card to a person experiencing homelessness, and would prohibit the department from requiring a person experiencing homelessness to present a valid California driver's license or identification card issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles to receive Medi-Cal services if the provider verifies the person's eligibility.

Position

Watch

[AB 875](#) **(Wood D) Medi-Cal: demonstration project.**

Location: 2/25/2021-A. HEALTH

Summary: The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. Current law establishes the Global Payment Program (GPP), under which designated public hospitals, and any successor or differently named hospital, are eligible to receive global payments that are calculated using a value-based point methodology based on the health care that they provide to the uninsured. This bill would allow those designated hospitals, if restructured or reorganized, to continue to participate in the GPP.

Position

Watch

[SB 56](#) **(Durazo D) Medi-Cal: eligibility.**

Location: 3/22/2021-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Summary: Current law provides that Medi-Cal benefits for individuals who are 65 years of age or older, and who do not have satisfactory immigration statuses or are unable to establish satisfactory immigration statuses, will be prioritized in the Budget Act for the upcoming fiscal year if the Department of Finance projects a positive ending balance in the Special Fund for Economic Uncertainties for the upcoming fiscal year and each of the ensuing 3 fiscal years that exceeds the cost of providing those individuals full scope Medi-Cal benefits. This bill would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, and effective July 1, 2022, extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals who are 65 years of age or older, and who are otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status.

Position
Support

[SB 256](#) (Pan D) California Advancing and Innovating Medi-Cal.

Location: 2/3/2021-S. HEALTH

Calendar: 4/28/2021 1 p.m. - Senate Chamber SENATE HEALTH, PAN, Chair

Summary: Current federal law authorizes specified managed care entities that participate in a state's Medicaid program to cover, for enrollees, services or settings that are in lieu of services and settings otherwise covered under a state plan. This bill would establish the CalAIM initiative, and would require the implementation of CalAIM to support stated goals of identifying and managing the risk and needs of Medi-Cal beneficiaries, transitioning and transforming the Medi-Cal program to a more consistent and seamless system, and improving quality outcomes. The bill would require the department to seek federal approval for the CalAIM initiative, and would condition its implementation on receipt of any necessary federal approvals and availability of federal financial participation.

Position
Watch

Catholic Identity

[SB 379](#) (Wiener D) University of California: contracts: health facilities.

Location: 3/17/2021-S. HEALTH

Calendar: 4/21/2021 1 p.m. - Senate Chamber SENATE HEALTH, PAN, Chair

Summary: Would prohibit the University of California, on and after January 1, 2022, from entering into, amending, or renewing any contract with any health facility contractor or subcontractor in which a health care practitioner employed by the University of California or a trainee of the University of California providing care in the health facility under that contract would be limited in the practitioner's or trainee's ability to provide patients with medical information or medical services due to policy-based restrictions on care in the health facility. The bill would require any contract between the University of California and a health facility pursuant to which a University of California-employed health care practitioner or trainee of the University of California provides care in the health facility to include a provision restating the substance of that prohibition.

Position
Oppose

[SB 642](#) (Kamlager D) Health care: facilities: medical privileges.

Location: 3/3/2021-S. JUD.

Calendar: 4/20/2021 1:30 p.m. - Senate Chamber SENATE JUDICIARY, UMBERG, Chair

Summary: Current law prohibits health care service plans and their contracting entities from including provisions in their contracts that interfere with the ability of a physician and surgeon or other licensed health care provider to communicate with a patient regarding their health care. This bill would prohibit a health facility from requiring a physician or surgeon, as a condition of obtaining or maintaining clinical privileges, to agree to comply with criteria, rules, regulations, or other policies or procedures that are not knowingly and explicitly ratified, issued, or promulgated by the medical staff, that directly or indirectly prohibit, limit, or restrict the ability of the physician or surgeon to provide a particular medical treatment or service that falls within the scope of their privileges, or from requiring a physician or surgeon to obtain permission from a nonphysician or nonsurgeon to perform a particular medical treatment or service for which consent has been obtained from the patient or the patient's representative, except as provided.

Position
Oppose

COVID Related

[AB 1217](#) (Rodriguez D) Personal protective equipment: stockpile.

Location: 3/4/2021-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Calendar: 4/19/2021 2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 437 ASSEMBLY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, RODRIGUEZ, Chair

Summary: Would authorize the State Department of Public Health to rotate PPE in the stockpile by selling the PPE to a nonprofit agency, local government, or provider, and by contracting to purchase PPE on behalf of a local government or provider. The bill would require a nonprofit agency, local government, or provider that obtains PPE pursuant to these provisions to reimburse the department for the costs of the PPE. The bill would also make a technical change to the date in these provisions.

Position

Watch

[SB 510](#) (Pan D) Health care coverage: COVID-19 cost sharing.

Location: 4/7/2021-S. APPR.

Summary: Would require a health care service plan contract or a disability insurance policy that provides coverage for hospital, medical, or surgical benefits, excluding a specialized health care service plan contract or health insurance policy, to cover the costs for COVID-19 testing and health care services related to the testing for COVID-19, or a future disease when declared a public health emergency by the Governor of the State of California, and would prohibit that contract or policy from imposing cost sharing or prior authorization requirements for that coverage. The bill would also require a contract or policy to cover without cost sharing or prior authorization an item, service, or immunization intended to prevent or mitigate COVID-19, or a future disease when declared a public health emergency by the Governor of the State of California, that is recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, as specified.

Position

Watch

End of Life/Palliative Care

[AB 1234](#) (Arambula D) Physician Orders for Life Sustaining Treatment forms: registry.

Location: 3/4/2021-A. HEALTH

Summary: Current law defines a request regarding resuscitative measures as a written document, signed by an individual with capacity, or a legally recognized health care decisionmaker, and the individual's physician, directing a health care provider regarding resuscitative measures. Current law defines a Physician Orders for Life Sustaining Treatment form, which is commonly referred to as a POLST form, and provides that a request regarding resuscitative measures includes a POLST form. Current law requires that a POLST form and the medical intervention and procedures offered by the form be explained by a health care provider. Current law distinguishes a request regarding resuscitative measures from an advance health care directive. This bill would establish similar provisions relating to the validity and enforceability of POLST forms and would allow an electronic signature to be used for the purposes of an advance health care directive and POLST form.

Position

Support

[AB 1280](#) (Irwin D) California Hospice Licensure Act of 1990.

Location: 3/18/2021-A. HEALTH

Calendar: 4/27/2021 1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Assembly Chamber ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, Chair

Summary: Would prohibit a hospice provider, employed hospice staff, or an agent for the hospice from paying referral sources for the referral of patients to the hospice. The bill would prohibit a hospice salesperson, recruiter, agent, or employee who receives compensation or remuneration for hospice referrals or admissions from providing consultation on hospice services, hospice election, or informed consent to a patient, patient's family, or patient's representative. The bill would require a specified person, including a registered nurse or medical social worker, to complete the election of hospice, informed consent, completed signatures, and counsel on the election of hospice with a patient, patient's family, or patient's representative.

Position

Watch

[SB 353](#) (Roth D) Hospice: services to seriously ill patients.

Location: 3/10/2021-S. APPR.

Summary: Under the California Hospice Licensure Act of 1990, the State Department of Public Health licenses and regulates persons or agencies that provide hospice, which is a type of interdisciplinary health care that includes palliative care to individuals experiencing the last phases of life due to the

existence of a terminal disease and supportive care to the primary caregivers and family of the hospice patient. The act authorizes, until January 1, 2022, a licensee under the act to provide any of the authorized interdisciplinary hospice services, including palliative care, to a patient who has a serious illness. This bill would extend the authority under these provisions until January 1, 2027.

Position
Support

[SB 380](#) (Eggman D) End of life.

Location: 3/24/2021-S. JUD.

Calendar: 4/20/2021 1:30 p.m. - Senate Chamber SENATE JUDICIARY, UMBERG, Chair

Summary: Would allow for an individual to qualify for aid-in-dying medication by making 2 oral requests a minimum of 48 hours apart. The bill would eliminate the requirement that an individual who is prescribed and ingests aid-in-dying medication make a final attestation. The bill would require that the date of all oral and written requests be documented in an individual's medical record and would require that upon a transfer of care, that record be provided to the qualified individual. The bill would extend the operation of the act indefinitely, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program by extending the operation of crimes for specified violations of the End of Life Option Act.

Position
Oppose

[SB 664](#) (Allen D) Hospice licensure: moratorium on new licenses.

Location: 3/18/2021-S. HEALTH

Calendar: 4/21/2021 1 p.m. - Senate Chamber SENATE HEALTH, PAN, Chair

Summary: The California Hospice Licensure Act of 1990 requires a person, political subdivision of the state, or other governmental agency to obtain a license from the State Department of Public Health to provide hospice services to an individual who is experiencing the last phase of life due to a terminal disease, as defined, and their family, except as provided. The act also provides for the renewal of a license. The act imposes criminal penalties on any person who violates any provision of the act or any rule or regulation promulgated under the act. This bill would impose, beginning on January 1, 2022, a moratorium on the department issuing a new license to provide hospice services, unless the department makes a written finding that an applicant for a new license has shown a demonstrable need for hospice services in the area where the applicant proposes to operate based on the concentration of all existing hospice services in that area.

Position
Watch

Health Care Reform

[AB 1130](#) (Wood D) California Health Care Quality and Affordability Act.

Location: 4/6/2021-A. APPR.

Summary: Current law establishes the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) to oversee various aspects of the health care market, including oversight of hospital facilities and community benefit plans. This bill would establish, within OSHPD, the Office of Health Care Affordability to analyze the health care market for cost trends and drivers of spending, develop data-informed policies for lowering health care costs for consumers, set and enforce cost targets, and create a state strategy for controlling the cost of health care and ensuring affordability for consumers and purchasers.

Position
Watch

[AB 1400](#) (Kalra D) Guaranteed Health Care for All.

Location: 2/19/2021-A. PRINT

Summary: The Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care. Current law provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. Current law provides for the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services, under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. This bill, the California Guaranteed Health Care for All Act, would create the California Guaranteed Health Care for All program, or CalCare, to provide comprehensive universal single-payer health care coverage and a health care cost control system for the benefit of all residents of the state.

Position
Watch

[**SB 326**](#)**(Pan D) Health care coverage: federal health care reforms.****Location:** 3/10/2021-S. APPR.

Summary: The Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care, and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Current law requires the above-described federal health care coverage market reforms to apply to a health care service plan, but conditions the operation of certain of these market reforms on the continued operation of PPACA or certain of its requirements. This bill would delete the conditional operation of the above-described provisions based on the continued operation of PPACA, the federal individual mandate, the federal coverage guarantee, and federal essential health benefits coverage requirements.

Position

Support

Hospital Operations and Finance[**AB 510**](#)**(Wood D) Out-of-network health care benefits.****Location:** 2/18/2021-A. HEALTH

Summary: Would authorize a noncontracting individual health professional, excluding specified professionals, to bill or collect the out-of-network cost-sharing amount directly from the enrollee or insured receiving services under a health care service plan contract or health insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2022, if the enrollee consents in writing or electronically at least 72 hours in advance of care. The bill would require the consent to include a list of contracted providers at the facility who are able to provide the services and to be provided in the 15 most commonly used languages in the facility's geographic region.

Position

Watch

[**AB 1020**](#)**(Friedman D) Health care debt and fair billing.****Location:** 4/6/2021-A. HEALTH

Calendar: 4/20/2021 1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Assembly Chamber ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, Chair

Summary: Current law requires a hospital to maintain an understandable written policy regarding discount payments for financially qualified patients and an understandable written charity care policy. Current law requires that uninsured patients or patients with high medical costs who are at or below 350% of the federal poverty level be eligible for charity care or discount payments from a hospital. This bill would instead require that uninsured patients or patients with high medical costs who are at or below 400% of the federal poverty level be eligible for charity care or discount payments from a hospital, and would authorize a hospital to grant eligibility for charity care or discount payments to patients with incomes over 400% of the federal poverty level. The bill would redefine "high medical costs" to include annual out-of-pocket costs at the hospital that exceed the lesser of 10% of the patient's current family income or family income in the prior 12 months.

Position

Watch

[**AB 1131**](#)**(Wood D) Health information network.****Location:** 4/6/2021-A. APPR.

Summary: Would establish the statewide health information network (statewide HIN) governing board, an independent public entity not affiliated with an agency or department with specified membership, to provide the data infrastructure needed to meet California's health care access, equity, affordability, public health, and quality goals, as specified. The bill would require the governing board to issue a request for proposals to select an operating entity with specified minimum capabilities to support the electronic exchange of health information between, and aggregate and integrate data from multiple sources within, the State of California, among other responsibilities. The bill would require the statewide HIN to take specified actions with respect to reporting on, and auditing the security and finances of, the health information network.

Position

Watch

[**AB 1132**](#)**(Wood D) Medi-Cal.****Location:** 3/4/2021-A. HEALTH

Summary: The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. Existing federal law provides for the federal Medicare program, which is a public health insurance program for persons who are 65 years of age or older and specified persons with disabilities who are under 65 years of age. Under current law, a demonstration project known as the Coordinated Care Initiative (CCI) enables beneficiaries who are dually eligible for the Medi-Cal program and the Medicare Program to receive a continuum of services that maximizes access to, and coordination of,

benefits between these programs. This bill would make specified portions of the CCI operative only through December 31, 2022, as specified, and would repeal its provisions on January 1, 2025.

Position

Oppose

[AB 1464](#) (Arambula D) Hospitals: seismic safety.

Location: 3/11/2021-A. HEALTH

Calendar: 4/27/2021 1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Assembly Chamber ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, Chair

Summary: The Alfred E. Alquist Hospital Facilities Seismic Safety Act of 1983 establishes, under the jurisdiction of the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development, a program of seismic safety building standards for certain hospitals constructed on and after March 7, 1973. A violation of any provision of the act is a misdemeanor. The act requires, before January 1, 2020, the owner of an acute care inpatient hospital whose building does not substantially comply with described seismic safety regulations or standards to submit to the office an attestation that the board of directors of that hospital is aware that the hospital building is required to meet a specified deadline for substantial compliance with those regulations and standards. This bill would require, on or before January 1, 2023, the owner of an acute care inpatient hospital to update the above-described submission by reporting the services provided in each building of the acute care inpatient hospital.

Position

Support

[SB 371](#) (Caballero D) Health information technology.

Location: 3/24/2021-S. APPR.

Calendar: 4/19/2021 9 a.m. - John L. Burton Hearing Room (4203)
SENATE APPROPRIATIONS, PORTANTINO, Chair

Summary: Would require any federal funds the California Health and Human Services Agency receives for health information technology and exchange to be deposited in the California Health Information Technology and Exchange Fund. The bill would authorize CHHSA to use the fund to provide grants to health care providers to implement or expand health information technology and to contract for direct data exchange technical assistance for safety net providers. The bill would require a health information organization to be connected to the California Trusted Exchange Network and to a qualified national network. The bill would also require a health care provider, health system, health care service plan, or health insurer that engages in health information exchange to comply with specified federal standards.

Position

Watch

Mental and Behavioral Health

[SB 221](#) (Wiener D) Health care coverage: timely access to care.

Location: 3/17/2021-S. APPR.

Summary: Would codify the regulations adopted by the Department of Managed Health Care and the Department of Insurance to provide timely access standards for health care service plans and insurers for nonemergency health care services. The bill would require both a health care service plan and a health insurer, including a Medi-Cal Managed Care Plan, to ensure that appointments with nonphysician mental health and substance use disorder providers are subject to the timely access requirements. The bill would additionally require a health care service plan and a health insurer, including a Medi-Cal Managed Care Plan, to ensure that an enrollee or insured that is undergoing a course of treatment for an ongoing mental health or substance use disorder condition is able to get a followup appointment with a nonphysician mental health care or substance use disorder provider within 10 business days of the prior appointment. The bill would require that a referral to a specialist by another provider meet the timely access standards.

Position

Watch

[SB 279](#) (Pan D) Specialty mental health services and substance use disorder treatment.

Location: 3/3/2021-S. HEALTH

Calendar: 4/28/2021 1 p.m. - Senate Chamber SENATE HEALTH, PAN, Chair

Summary: Current law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services, under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services, including mental health and substance use disorder services, pursuant to a schedule of benefits. Under current law, for individuals 21 years of age and older, a service is "medically necessary" if it is reasonable and necessary to protect life, to prevent significant illness or significant disability, or to alleviate severe pain. Existing law provides that for individuals under 21 years of age, "medically necessary" or "medical necessity" standards are governed by the definition in federal law. This bill

would provide that the above-specified medical necessity standards do not preclude coverage for, and reimbursement of, a clinically appropriate and covered mental health or substance use disorder assessment, screening, or treatment service before a provider renders a diagnosis.

Position

Watch

Social Determinants of Health

[AB 71](#)

(Rivas, Luz D) Homelessness funding: Bring California Home Act.

Location: 1/15/2021-A. REV. & TAX

Calendar: 4/19/2021 2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 4202 ASSEMBLY REVENUE AND TAXATION, BURKE, Chair

Summary: Would exempt any regulation, standard, criterion, procedure, determination, rule, notice, or guideline established or issued by the Franchise Tax Board to implement its provisions from the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position

Watch

[AB 1204](#)

(Wicks D) Hospital equity reporting.

Location: 4/13/2021-A. APPR.

Summary: Current law establishes the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) to oversee various aspects of the health care market, including oversight of hospital facilities and community benefit plans. Current law requires a private, not-for-profit hospital to adopt and update a community benefits plan that describes the activities the hospital has undertaken to address identified community needs within its mission and financial capacity, including health care services rendered to vulnerable populations. Current law defines "vulnerable populations" for these purposes to mean a population that is exposed to medical or financial risk by virtue of being uninsured, underinsured, or eligible for Medi-Cal, Medicare, California Children's Services Program, or county indigent programs. This bill would add racial and ethnic groups experiencing disparate health outcomes and socially disadvantaged groups to the definition of "vulnerable populations" for community benefits reporting purposes.

Position

Watch

[SB 17](#)

(Pan D) Office of Racial Equity.

Location: 4/14/2021-S. APPR.

Summary: Would, until January 1, 2029, establish in state government an Office of Racial Equity, an independent public entity not affiliated with an agency or department, governed by a Racial Equity Advisory and Accountability Council. The bill would authorize the council to hire an executive director to organize, administer, and manage the operations of the office. The bill would task the office with coordinating, analyzing, developing, evaluating, and recommending strategies for advancing racial equity across state agencies, departments, and the office of the Governor. The bill would require the office to develop a statewide Racial Equity Framework providing guidelines for inclusive policies and practices that reduce racial inequities, promote racial equity, address individual, institutional, and structural racism, and establish goals and strategies to advance racial equity and address structural racism and racial inequities.

Position

Support

[SB 65](#)

(Skinner D) Maternal care and services.

Location: 4/14/2021-S. HUM. S.

Calendar: 4/20/2021 1:30 p.m. - John L. Burton Hearing Room (4203) SENATE HUMAN SERVICES, HURTADO, Chair

Summary: The Song-Brown Health Care Workforce Training Act provides for specified training programs for certain health care workers, including family physicians, registered nurses, nurse practitioners, and physician assistants. Current law establishes a state medical contract program with accredited medical schools, hospitals, and other programs and institutions to increase the number of students and residents receiving quality education and training in specified primary care specialties and maximize the delivery of primary care and family physician services to underserved areas of the state. This bill would require the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development to contract with programs that train certified nurse-midwives and programs that train licensed midwives to increase the number of students receiving quality education and training as a certified nurse-midwife or a licensed midwife, and would require the office to contract only with programs that include a component of training designed for medically underserved multicultural communities, lower socioeconomic

neighborhoods, or rural communities, and that are organized to prepare program graduates for service in those neighborhoods and communities.

Position

Watch

Workforce

[AB 650](#) (Muratsuchi D) Employer-provided benefits: health care workers: COVID-19: hazard pay retention bonuses.

Location: 3/25/2021-A. L. & E.

Calendar: 4/22/2021 10:30 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 437 ASSEMBLY LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT, KALRA, Chair

Summary: The Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act of 2014 requires employers to provide an employee, who works in California for 30 or more days within a year from the commencement of employment, with paid sick days for prescribed purposes, to be accrued at a rate of no less than one hour for every 30 hours worked. Existing law authorizes an employer to limit an employee's use of paid sick days to 24 hours or 3 days in each year of employment. Current law charges the Labor Commissioner, who is the Chief of the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, with enforcement of various labor laws. This bill, the Health Care Workers Recognition and Retention Act, would require a covered employer, as defined, to pay hazard pay retention bonuses in the prescribed amounts on January 1, 2022, April 1, 2022, July 1, 2022, and October 1, 2022, to each covered health care worker, as defined, that it employs.

Position

Watch

Total Measures: 31

Total Tracking Forms: 31